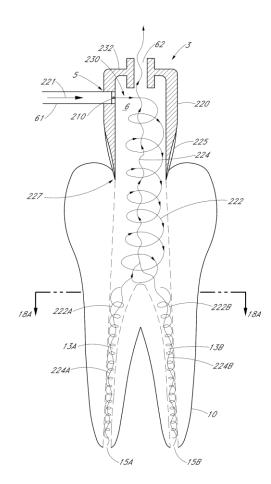
Portfolio View

3rd Quarter 2019



US10363120B2

Product Name:

Priority Date	Dec 20, 2012
Application Date	Apr 29, 2015
Publication Date	Jul 30, 2019
Expiration Date	Jun 05, 2035

US Family Members	Expiration Date
US10363120B2	Jun 05, 2035
US20140220505A1	
US20160095679A1	Jun 05, 2035
Foreign Family Members	Expiration Date
CA2946760A1	
CN106456300A	
EP2934364A1	Dec 20, 2033
EP2934364B1	Dec 20, 2033
EP3137014A1	Apr 29, 2035
EP3137014B1	Apr 29, 2035
EP3473210A1	
EP3572036A1	
JP2017514601A	
WO2014100751A1	
WO2015168329A1	

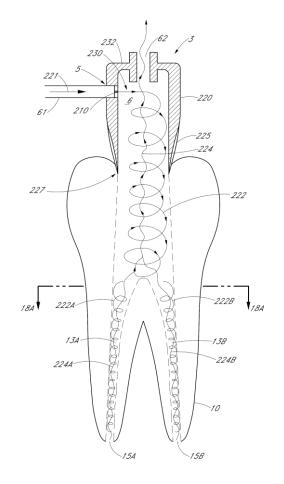
IPC	A61C000540 A61C001702 A61C001720	
Assignee	SONENDO INC	
Inventor	Khakpour, Mehrzad Bergheim, Bjarne Evans, Ryan	

Independent Claims:

1. An apparatus for treating a tooth, the apparatus comprising: a chamber having an access port which places the chamber in fluid communication with a treatment region of the tooth when the chamber is coupled to the tooth, the access port having a central axis; a fluid motion generator being arranged to generate rotational fluid motion in the chamber; and a suction port having a distal-most plane exposed to the chamber on a side of the chamber opposite of the access port, and being disposed relative to the access port such that the central axis of the access port passes through the suction port.

18. An apparatus for treating a tooth, the apparatus comprising: a chamber having a distal portion defining an access port that places the chamber in fluid communication with a treatment region of the tooth when the chamber is coupled to the tooth, the access port having a central axis; a fluid motion generator coupled to the chamber, the fluid motion generator configured to generate rotational fluid motion in the chamber; and a suction port having a distal-most plane exposed to the chamber and communicating with the chamber to remove fluid from the chamber and the treatment region, wherein the distal portion is sized and shaped to be inserted into an access opening of the tooth, the distal portion tapering distally towards the central axis.

20. An apparatus for treating a tooth, the apparatus comprising: a chamber having an access port which places the chamber in fluid communication with a treatment region of the tooth when the chamber is coupled to tooth, the access port comprising a central axis; a fluid motion generator coupled to the chamber, the fluid motion generator configured to generate a swirling influent fluid path around the central axis; and a suction port having a distal-most plane exposed to the chamber and configured to remove fluid from the treatment region and the chamber, wherein the apparatus is configured to draw outgoing fluid from the treatment region to the suction port in a path that flows inside the swirling influent fluid path with a suction force applied to the suction port.



US20190117078A1

Product Name:

Priority Date	Sep 12, 2017
Application Date	Sep 12, 2018
Publication Date	Apr 25, 2019
Expiration Date	-

US Family Members	Expiration Date
US20190117078A1	
Foreign Family Members	Expiration Date
WO2019055569A1	

IPC	A61B000500 A61B000107 A61B000124 A61B000501
Assignee	SONENDO INC
Inventor	Sharma, Manu Khakpour, Mehrzad Bergheim, Bjarne

Independent Claims:

1. A dental system to optically examine a dental structure, the system comprising: a mechanical assembly sized and shaped to be inserted into a mouth of a patient; an optical assembly configured to provide an illumination beam to a portion of the dental structure and to collect light from the portion of the dental structure, the optical assembly mounted on the mechanical assembly; and an electronic processing system configured to: analyze the information recovered from the collected light; and determine a characteristic representative of the portion of the dental structure based on the analysis.

9 .- 15 . (canceled)

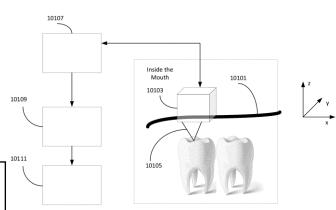
17 . A dental system to optically examine a dental structure, the system comprising: a mechanical assembly sized and shaped to be inserted into a mouth of a patient; an optical assembly configured to provide an illumination beam to a portion of the dental structure and to collect light from the portion of the dental structure, the optical assembly mounted on the mechanical assembly, the mechanical assembly configured to move the optical assembly relative to the dental structure to obtain a plurality of optical signals representative of a condition of the dental structure.

21 .- 24 . (canceled)

28. A dental system to optically examine a dental structure, the system comprising: an optical assembly configured to provide an illumination beam to a portion of the dental structure and to collect light from the portion of the dental structure; and an electronic processing system configured to: analyze the information recovered from the collected light; determine a characteristic representative of the portion of the dental structure based on the analysis; and render the determined characteristic on a display device as a heat map, the heat map displaying different values of the determined characteristic with different indicia on the display device.

29. (canceled)

33 .- 84 . (canceled)



US10098717B2

Product Name:

Priority Date	Apr 13, 2012
Application Date	Oct 09, 2014
Publication Date	Oct 16, 2018
Expiration Date	Apr 11, 2033

US Family Members	Expiration Date
US10098717B2	Apr 11, 2033
US20140099597A1	
US20150140503A1	Apr 11, 2033
US20190183618A1	

Foreign Family Members	Expiration Date
AU2013245689A1	Aug 25, 2016
CA2870321A1	
CN104487016A	Apr 12, 2033
CN104487016B	Apr 12, 2033
CN107260346A	
EP2836157A1	Apr 12, 2033
EP2836157A4	Apr 12, 2033
EP2836157B1	Apr 12, 2033
JP2015512761A	
JP2019188187A	
WO2013155492A1	

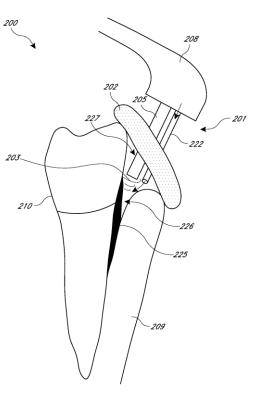
IPC	A61C000100 A61C000107 A61C001702 A61C001720
Assignee	SONENDO INC
Inventor	Bergheim, Bjarne Khakpour, Mehrzad

Independent Claims:

1. A system for removing dental deposits from an exterior surface of one or more teeth or gum tissue in a mouth of a mammal, the system comprising: a mouthpiece sized and shaped to be inserted into the mouth; and an active energy outlet comprising a fluid motion source in fluid communication with the mouthpiece, the fluid motion source comprising one or more fluid ports, the fluid motion source configured to deliver liquid to the mouth and to remove liquid from the mouth through the one or more fluid ports, wherein the active energy outlet is operable to create oscillatory movement of liquid to and from the mouth through the one or more fluid ports at variable frequencies, including oscillatory movement of liquid to and from the mouth within a first frequency range during a first treatment phase and within a second frequency range during a second treatment phase, the second frequency range differing from the first frequency range.

31. A system for removing dental deposits from an exterior surface of one or more teeth or gum tissue in a mouth of a mammal, the system comprising: a mouthpiece sized and shaped to be inserted into the mouth; an active energy outlet comprising a fluid motion source in fluid communication with the mouthpiece, the fluid motion source comprising one or more fluid ports, the fluid motion source configured to deliver liquid to the mouth and to remove liquid from the mouth through the one or more fluid ports; and a control mechanism configured to control the operation of the active energy outlet, wherein the active energy outlet is operable to create oscillatory movement of liquid to and from the mouth through the one or more fluid ports at variable frequencies, wherein the control mechanism is configured to shut off the fluid motion source if a monitored pressure reaches a level unsafe for the mammal.

32. A method for removing dental deposits from an exterior surface of one or more teeth or gum tissue in a mouth of a mammal, the method comprising: inserting a mouthpiece into the mouth, the mouthpiece including one or more fluid ports; activating a fluid motion source that is in fluid communication with the mouthpiece to deliver liquid to the mouth and to remove liquid from the mouth through the one or more ports; creating oscillatory movement of liquid to and from the mouth through the one or more ports at variable frequencies during at least first and second treatment phases, wherein creating oscillatory movement comprises: creating oscillatory movement of liquid to and from the mouth at a first frequency range during the first treatment phase; and creating oscillatory movement of liquid to and from the mouth at a second frequency range during the second treatment phase, the second frequency range differing from the first frequency range.



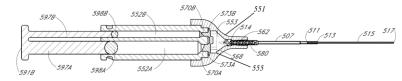
US20180214247A1

Product Name:

Priority Date	Oct 18, 2016
Application Date	Oct 18, 2017
Publication Date	Aug 02, 2018
Expiration Date	-

US Family Members	Expiration Date
US20180214247A1	
US20180340371A1	Oct 09, 2019
Foreign Family Members	Expiration Date
WO2018075652A1	
WO2018075652A1	

IPC	A61C000550 A61C000540
Assignee	SONENDO INC
Inventor	Sharma, Manu Minassian, David Khakpour, Mehrzad Bergheim, Bjarne Hyman, Daniel Alexander



Independent Claims:

1. An apparatus for treating a tooth, the apparatus comprising: a delivery vessel sized to be inserted into a treatment region of a tooth to deliver a filling material to the treatment region; and a manifold coupled to a proximal portion of the delivery vessel, the manifold comprising a manifold chamber to receive the filling material therein, wherein the manifold is configured to couple to a device having an activation mechanism configured to apply sufficient pressure so as to cause thinning of the filling material to allow the filling material to flow into the delivery vessel. 3. (canceled) 7.-9. (canceled) 11 .- 12 . (canceled) 14 .- 16 . (canceled) 18 .- 23 . (canceled) 27 .- 39 . (canceled) 43 .- 138 . (canceled) 139. An apparatus for treating a tooth, the apparatus comprising: a delivery vessel sized to be inserted into a treatment region of a tooth and configured to supply a filling material thereto, the delivery vessel comprising: a capillary; and a reduction conduit having a distal end coupled to a proximal portion of the capillary, the reduction conduit being defined by a stepped reduction in diameter between a first segment having a first diameter and a second segment having a second diameter smaller than the first diameter, wherein the first segment is positioned proximal to the second segment. 140 .- 151 . (canceled) 163 .- 227 . (canceled) 228. An apparatus for treating a tooth, the apparatus comprising: a delivery vessel sized to be inserted into a treatment region of a tooth, the delivery vessel configured to supply a filling material to the treatment region; a housing chamber configured to hold and supply at least one component of a filling material to the delivery vessel; and an activation mechanism configured to apply sufficient pressure to the filling material so as to cause thinning of the filling material to allow the filling material to flow into the delivery vessel.

233 .- 305 . (canceled)

APPARATUS AND METHODS FOR FILLING TEETH AND ROOT CANALS

US9877801B2

Product Name:

CA2911415A1

EP3013277A2 WO2014210220A2 WO2014210220A3

Priority Date	Jun 26, 2013
Application Date	Jun 25, 2014
Publication Date	Jan 30, 2018
Expiration Date	Jun 25, 2034
US Family Members	Expiration Date
US9877801B2	Jun 25, 2034
	Jun 25, 2034 Jun 25, 2034
	,
US20150147718A1	,

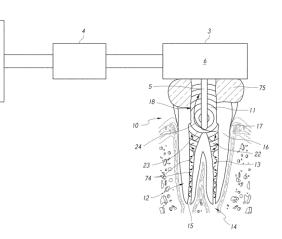
A61C000108 A61C000540 A61C000550 A61C000562 A61C001702 A61C001720 A61C0017028
SONENDO INC
Khakpour, Mehrzad Bergheim, Bjarne

Independent Claims:

IPC

Assignee Inventor

1. A dental apparatus comprising: a handpiece having a distal portion to be positioned at a treatment region of a tooth, the handpiece further comprising a first fluid supply line and a second fluid supply line to deliver fluid to the treatment region; and a pressure wave generator configured to generate pressure waves through the treatment region to cause a filling material to substantially fill the treatment region, wherein the apparatus is configured to deliver a first composition through the first fluid supply line and a second composition through the second fluid supply line to the treatment region, and wherein the apparatus is further configured to combine the first composition with the second composition at a location in the handpiece or at the treatment region of the tooth to form the filling material to substantially fill the treatment region.



Product Name:

Priority Date	Apr 04, 2016
Application Date	Apr 03, 2017
Publication Date	Oct 05, 2017
Expiration Date	-

US Family Members	Expiration Date
US20170281312A1	

PC	A61C000546 A61C001702 A61C001720
Assignee	SONENDO INC
nventor	Khakpour, Mehrzad Bergheim, Bjarne

Independent Claims:

1. A method for removing a foreign object from a root canal of a tooth, the method comprising: positioning a fluid motion generator to be in fluid communication with the root canal of the tooth; supplying fluid to the root canal; generating fluid motion in the root canal with the fluid motion generator; and moving the foreign object with the fluid motion in a proximal direction towards the fluid motion generator.

2. (canceled) 4. (canceled)

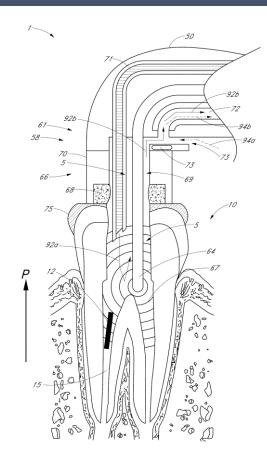
5. The method claim 1, wherein the fluid motion generator comprises a pressure wave generator, the method further comprising generating pressure waves in the root canal, the generated pressure waves and fluid motion causing the foreign object to move in the proximal direction.

 $10. (canceled) \ 12. (canceled) \ 13. (canceled) \ 14. (canceled) \ 15. (canceled) \ 16. (canceled) \ 20. (canceled) \ 21. (canceled) \ 22. (canceled) \ 23. (canceled) \ 24. (canceled) \ 24.$

28 . A method for removing a foreign object from a root canal of a tooth, the method comprising: positioning a pressure wave generator to be in fluid communication with the root canal of the tooth; supplying fluid to the root canal; generating pressure waves and fluid motion in the root canal with the pressure wave generator; and dislodging the foreign object from the root canal with the generated pressure waves.

 $\label{eq:29.} \end{tabular} \begin{array}{l} \mbox{29.} (\mbox{canceled}) \ \mbox{30.} (\mbox{canceled}) \ \mbox{36.} (\mbox{canceled}) \ \mbox{38.} (\mbox{canceled}) \ \mbox{41.} \\ \mbox{(canceled)} \ \mbox{42.} (\mbox{canceled}) \ \mbox{43.} (\mbox{canceled}) \ \mbox{41.} \end{array}$

44 . A system for removing a foreign object from a root canal of a tooth, the system comprising: a fluid motion generator configured to generate fluid motion in the root canal with the fluid motion generator and to move the foreign object from the root canal with the fluid motion in a proximal direction towards the fluid motion generator; and a controller operably coupled with the fluid motion generator, the controller configured to: receive a user selection signal indicative of a selected treatment procedure, the selected treatment procedure comprising a procedure to move the foreign object; determine system parameters associated with the selected treatment procedure; and transmit instructions to system components to operate the fluid motion generator to cause the foreign object to move in the proximal direction. 45 . (canceled) 48 . (canceled) 49 . (canceled)



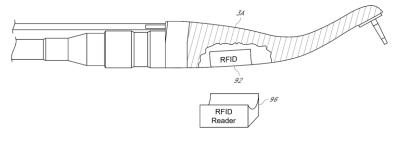
US9504536B2

Product Name:

Priority Date	Feb 04, 2013
Application Date	Feb 04, 2014
Publication Date	Nov 29, 2016
Expiration Date	Feb 04, 2034

US Family Members	Expiration Date
US20150010882A1	Feb 04, 2034
US20170281305A1	
US9504536B2	Feb 04, 2034
Foreign Family Members	Expiration Date
CA2900252A1	
EP2951019A1	Feb 04, 2034
EP2951019B1	Feb 04, 2034
WO2014121293A1	

	A61C001702 A61C000100 A61C000108 A61C000502 A61C0017028
nee	SONENDO INC
itor	Bergheim, Bjarne Khakpour, Mehrzad Chen, Jennifer Dechelette, Alexis



Independent Claims:

IPC

Assign

1. A dental treatment system comprising: a console including at least one fluid reservoir and at least one electrical component; a treatment instrument sized to be disposed in a mouth of a patient at a treatment location for one or more teeth, the treatment instrument including: a pressure wave generator producing pressure waves across a broad spectrum of frequencies; at least one inlet through which fluid from the fluid reservoir enters the treatment instrument; at least one outlet through which said fluid is directed at the treatment location; and a communications chip storing data about one or more operational characteristics of the treatment instrument or a treatment procedure, wherein the communications chip stores a unique identifier associated with the particular treatment instrument; and a reader communicating with the console and being capable of obtaining data from the communications chip, wherein, in response to receiving a communication from the console indicating use of the treatment instrument in the treatment procedure, the reader is configured to send a signal to the treatment instrument, and processing electronics of the treatment instrument are configured to write data to a memory accessible by the communications chip that, in response to receiving the signal, prevents the treatment instrument from being used in another treatment procedure.

33. A dental treatment apparatus for treating a tooth, the apparatus comprising: a treatment instrument sized to be disposed in a mouth of a patient at a treatment location for one or more teeth, the treatment instrument including: a pressure wave generator to produce pressure waves across a broad spectrum of frequencies; at least one inlet through which fluid enters the treatment instrument; at least one outlet through which said fluid is directed at the treatment location; and a communications chip storing data about one or more operational characteristics of the treatment instrument or a treatment procedure, wherein the communications chip stores a unique identifier associated with the particular treatment instrument, wherein the communications chip is configured to communicate the data to a reader, wherein, in response to receiving a signal indicating use of the treatment instrument in the treatment procedure, processing electronics of the treatment instrument are configured to write data to a memory accessible by the communications chip that prevents the treatment instrument from being used in another treatment procedure.

LIQUID JET APPARATUS AND METHODS FOR DENTAL TREATMENTS

US9492244B2

Product Name:

Product N	Name:							<i>√</i> ⁵⁸	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
Priority Date		Nov 13, 2009		IPC		A61C001702 A61C000502 A61C0017028	[
Application Date		Nov 12, 2010		Assig	iee	BERGHEIM BJARNE GHARIB MORTEZA KHAKPOUR MEHRZAD PHAM MICHELE TEBBS RICHARD S SONENDO INC			
Publication Date		Nov 15, 2016		Inven	tor	Bergheim, Bjarne Gharib, Morteza Khakpour, Mehrzad Pham,			
Expiration Date		Mar 24, 2031			-	Michele Tebbs, Richard S.		106 102	
US Family Members	Expiration Date	e Foreign Family Members	Expiration Date			ent Claims: nstrument comprising: a nozzle configured to produce a high-velocity liquid jet; a posi	tioning member baying a channel	60,80 84	
US10420630B2	Nov 12, 2030	CN107115154A				ch the high-velocity liquid jet travels, the positioning member having a proximal end p	5	120	≻X
US20110117517A1		EP2498713A1	Nov 12, 2030			t member disposed at the distal end portion of the positioning member and having an	1 5		
US20120237893A1	Oct 21, 2031	EP2498713A4	Nov 12, 2030		1	penings through the distal end portion of the positioning member, wherein the impin		90 90 90 J	
US20130040267A1		EP2498713B1	Nov 12, 2030			or curved portions that angle or curve back towards the proximal end portion of the p angled or curved portions extend distally beyond distal ends of the openings, wherein		110	
US20170273758A1	Nov 12, 2030	EP2629693A2				bocity liquid jet impacts the impingement surface at a point distally beyond the distal er	0		
US20180116761A1		EP2629693A4				are configured to allow outflow of liquid from the liquid jet after impact with the imp			
US9492244B2	Mar 24, 2031	EP3384870A1				instrument comprising: a positioning member having a channel configured to deliver			
US9675426B2	Oct 21, 2031	IL219648A	May 08, 2032	2		ositioning member having a proximal end portion and a distal end portion; and an imp	5		
		IL219648D0	May 08, 2032	2		d portion of the positioning member and having an impingement surface, the instrume d jet impacts the impingement surface during operation of the high-velocity liquid jet,	8		
Foreign Family	Expiration Date	e IL225829A	Apr 18, 2033			a jet impacts the implingement surface during operation of the high-velocity inquid jet, aprises one or more flexible members.	wherein the impingement		
Members		IL225829D0	Apr 18, 2033			instrument comprising: a positioning member having a channel configured to deliver	a high-velocity liquid jet to a		
AU2010319321A1	Nov 12, 2030	IL261307D0				ositioning member having a proximal end portion and a distal end portion; and an imp	5		
AU2010319321B2	Nov 12, 2030	JP05902096B2	Nov 12, 2030			d portion of the positioning member and having an impingement surface, the instrum	0		
AU2011316839A1	Oct 21, 2031	JP06241997B2	Oct 21, 2031			d jet impacts the impingement surface during operation of the high-velocity liquid jet, t member comprises a material that is at least partially permeable to the liquid jet.	wherein at least a portion of the		
		JP2013510688A	Nov 12, 2030			instrument comprising: a nozzle configured to produce a high-velocity liquid jet; a gui	de tube having a proximal portion		
AU2012202315A1	,	JP2013544120A	Oct 21, 2031			portion, the guide tube comprising a channel configured to guide the liquid jet along a	.		
BR112013009708A		JP2018038846A				tube; and an impingement member disposed near the distal portion of the guide tube			
CA2780800A1		KR2012099717A	Dec 13, 2015			instrument configured such that the liquid jet impacts the impingement surface during			
CA2815219A1		WO2011060327A	1			e impingement surface that is substantially perpendicular to the jet axis, wherein the angled or curved portions that angle or curve back towards the proximal portion of th			
CN102724929A	Nov 12, 2030	WO2012054905A2	2			rved portions being disposed substantially symmetrically relative to the jet axis.			
CN102724929B	Nov 12, 2030	WO2012054905A3			-	instrument comprising: a nozzle configured to produce a high-velocity liquid jet; a gui	de tube having a proximal portion		
CN103347462A	Oct 21, 2031					portion, the guide tube comprising a channel configured to guide the liquid jet toward			
CN103347462B	Oct 21, 2031					annel extending along a longitudinal axis; and an impingement member disposed near			
	,				operation of	ving an impingement surface, the instrument configured such that the liquid jet impact the liquid jet, wherein the impingement surface comprises a concave surface facing the symmetric about the longitudinal axis of the channel.			

DENTAL HANDPIECE USD745966S1

Product Name:

Priority Date	Apr 15, 2013
Application Date	Apr 15, 2013
Publication Date	Dec 22, 2015
Expiration Date	Dec 22, 2029

US Family Members	Expiration Date
USD745966S1	

IPC	-
Assignee	SONENDO INC
Inventor	Piorek, Steven Bergheim, Bjarne Edwards, Craig Khakpour, Mehrzad Pham, Michele

L'ESTERE

V Carlo

US20150173852A1

Product Name:

Priority Date	May 01, 2013
Application Date	May 01, 2014
Publication Date	Jun 25, 2015
Expiration Date	Sep 04, 2019

US Family Members	Expiration Date
US20150173852A1	Sep 04, 2019
Foreign Family Members	Expiration Date
CA2910809A1	
EP2991576A2	
WO2014179619A2	
WO2014179619A3	

2	A61C000108 A61C000100 A61C000302 A61C000502 A61C001702 A61C001720
signee	SONENDO INC
entor	Khakpour, Mehrzad Bergheim, Bjarne Evans, Ryan

Independent Claims:

IPC

Assi

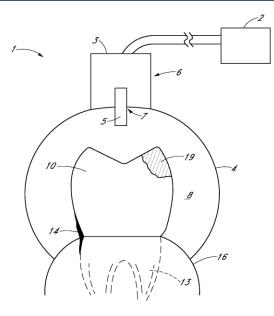
Inve

1. An apparatus for treating a tooth or gum tissue, the apparatus comprising: a tooth cap for supporting a treatment device during a treatment procedure, the tooth cap comprising: a platform to support the treatment device, the platform comprising an access port to provide a portion of the treatment device with access to a treatment region of the tooth or gum tissue; and a wall coupled with and angled relative to the platform, the wall configured to be attached to the tooth or gum tissue during treatment.

27 . A system for treating a tooth or gum tissue, the system comprising: a treatment device; a tooth cap for supporting the treatment device during a treatment procedure, the tooth cap including a platform to support the treatment device, the platform comprising an access port to provide a portion of the treatment device with access to a treatment region of the tooth or gum tissue, and a wall coupled with and angled relative to the platform; and coupling material to be placed between the wall and the tooth or gum tissue to attach the tooth cap to the tooth, gum tissue, or both during treatment. 40 . A method of treating a tooth or gum tissue, the method comprising: positioning a tooth cap on a tooth with a wall of the tooth cap extending along a side surface of the tooth attaching at least the wall of the tooth cap to a portion of the side surface of the tooth or to gum tissue, the tooth cap comprising a platform and an access port through the platform; positioning a treatment device on the platform; and activating the treatment device to treat a treatment region of the tooth or gum tissue through the access port.

57 . A method for cleaning a tooth or gum tissue, the method comprising: disposing a treatment device near a treatment region of the tooth or gum tissue such that a portion of the treatment device is in fluid communication with a root canal of the tooth and an outer side surface of the tooth; and activating the treatment device to substantially clean diseased regions of the root canal and at least one of undesirable dental deposits and a carious region from the outer side surface of the tooth.

64 .- 88 . (canceled)



CONSOLE FOR DENTAL APPARATUS

USD726324S1

Product Name:

Priority Date	Apr 15, 2013
Application Date	Apr 15, 2013
Publication Date	Apr 07, 2015
Expiration Date	Apr 07, 2029

US Family Members	Expiration Date
USD726324S1	

IPC	-
Assignee	SONENDO INC
Inventor	Duncan, Matthew Piorek, Steven Bergheim, Bjarne Cook, Richard Puzichowski, George



US20150044632A1

Product Name:

Priority Date	Mar 22, 2012
Application Date	Sep 19, 2014
Publication Date	Feb 12, 2015
Expiration Date	Jun 25, 2019

US Family Members	Expiration Date
US20150044632A1	Jun 25, 2019
Foreign Family Members	Expiration Date
AU2013235347A1	Mar 15, 2033
AU2013235347B2	Mar 15, 2033
CA2867703A1	
CN104470464A	
EP2836156A1	
EP2836156A4	
IN201408727P1	
JP06407140B2	Mar 15, 2033
JP2015510829A	Mar 15, 2033
JP2019022684A	
WO2013142385A1	
WO2013142385A8	

IPC	A61C001702 A61C001720
Assignee	SONENDO INC
Inventor	Bergheim, Bjarne Khakpour, Mehrzad

Independent Claims:

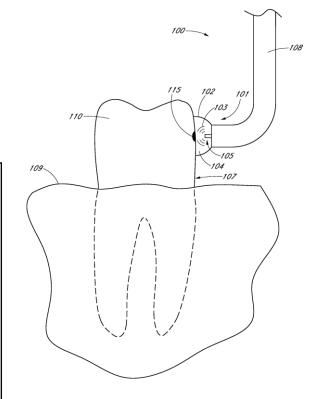
1. A system for treating a tooth having a carious region, the system comprising: a fluid platform having a chamber sized and shaped to retain fluid, the chamber configured to be coupled to and at least partially seal against an external surface of the tooth over the carious region; and a pressure wave generator having a distal end configured to be positioned in the chamber and configured to generate pressure waves in the retained fluid sufficient to clean the carious region.

17 . A method for treating a tooth having a carious region, the method comprising: applying a cap over the carious region of the tooth, the cap comprising a chamber; sealing at least a portion of the cap to an exterior surface the tooth; at least partially filling the chamber with fluid; positioning a pressure wave generator in the chamber such that at least a portion of the pressure wave generator is immersed in fluid in the chamber; and activating the pressure wave generator in the chamber to clean the carious region of the tooth.

24 . A method for cleaning a carious region on a tooth, the carious region disposed in a space at least partially between two adjacent teeth, the method comprising: retaining fluid in the space; and propagating pressure waves through the retained fluid in the space to substantially clean the carious region.

29. A system for cleaning a carious region of a tooth, the carious region disposed in a space at least partially between two adjacent teeth, the system comprising: a fluid retainer configured to at least partially retain fluid in the space; and a pressure wave generator configured to propagate pressure waves through the retained fluid in the space between the teeth to clean the carious region.

36 . A method for cleaning a carious region of a tooth, the method comprising: directing a high-speed liquid jet against the tooth at or near the carious region on an exterior surface of the tooth; and maintaining the liquid jet in contact with the tooth at or near the carious region until substantially all of the carious region is removed.



US8753121B2

Product Name:

Priority Date	Apr 20, 2006
Application Date	Apr 19, 2007
Publication Date	Jun 17, 2014
Expiration Date	Dec 31, 2028

US Family Members	Expiration Date
US10010388B2	Aug 03, 2028
US10016263B2	Apr 19, 2027
US10039625B2	Apr 19, 2027
US20070248932A1	Dec 31, 2028
US20150132712A1	Aug 03, 2028
US20150366634A1	
US20160324600A1	Apr 19, 2027
US20160367346A1	Apr 19, 2027
US20190262109A1	
US20190282347A1	
US8753121B2	Dec 31, 2028

Foreign Family Members	Expiration Date
AU2007240780A1	Apr 19, 2027
AU2007240780B2	Apr 19, 2027
CA2649905A1	Apr 19, 2027
CA2649905C	Apr 19, 2027
EP2015698A2	Apr 19, 2027
EP2015698A4	Apr 19, 2027
EP2015698B1	Apr 19, 2027
EP3311770A1	
WO2007124038A2	
WO2007124038A3	

2	A61C000302 A61C000502
signee	GHARIB MORTEZA ADAMS JOSHUA HARS ERIK BERGHEIM BJARNE STOCKS KARL DOHERTY LANCE SONENDO INC
ventor	Gharib, Morteza Adams, Joshua Hars, Erik Bergheim, Bjarne Stocks, Karl Doherty, Lance

Independent Claims:

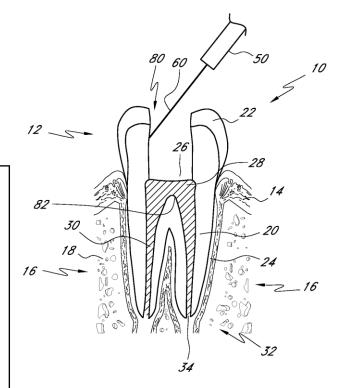
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1. A method of removing organic material that fills a root canal of a tooth, comprising: introducing liquid that is substantially free from dissolved gases into the tooth; propagating an acoustic wave through the liquid in the tooth that provides vibration in at least a portion of the tooth or the root canal; and detaching organic material filling the canal from the surrounding dentinal tissue using the vibration provided by the acoustic wave, wherein propagating the acoustic wave comprises activating a liquid jet, and wherein introducing the liquid comprises activating the liquid jet.

22. A method of removing organic material from dentinal tubules which extend laterally from a root canal of a tooth, comprising: introducing a substantially gas-free liquid into the tooth; and introducing acoustic energy into a plurality of tubules through dentinal tissue such that at least a portion of an odontoblastic process within the tubules is detached from surrounding dentinal tissue and released from the tubule, wherein introducing acoustic energy comprises activating a liquid jet, and wherein introducing the substantially gas-free liquid comprises activating the liquid jet.

33. A method for removing organic material from a root canal of a tooth comprises: introducing a substantially gas-free liquid into the tooth; propagating acoustic energy in a portion of the tooth or the root canal; and using said introduced liquid and said acoustic energy to cause cavitations in fluid within the root canal such that organic material within the canal is detached from surrounding dentinal tissue, wherein propagating acoustic energy comprises activating a liquid jet, and wherein introducing the substantially gas-free liquid comprises activating the liquid jet.



APPARATUS AND METHODS FOR ROOT CANAL TREATMENTS

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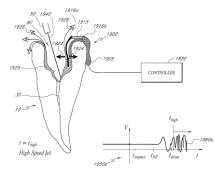
Product Name:

Priority Date	Jan 25, 2007
Application Date	Dec 06, 2011
Publication Date	Nov 01, 2012
Expiration Date	Apr 15, 2016

Expiration Date
Jan 02, 2012
Jan 02, 2012
Apr 15, 2016

Foreign Family Members	Expiration Date
EP2111164A2	Oct 01, 2014
EP2111164A4	Oct 01, 2014
EP2276414A1	Aug 17, 2016
EP2276414A4	Aug 17, 2016
EP2821027A2	Oct 02, 2015
EP2821027A3	Oct 02, 2015
WO2008092125A2	
WO2008092125A3	
WO2009137815A1	

	A61C001904 A61C000502 A61C000504
ee	GHARIB MORTEZA ADAMS JOSHUA BERGHEIM BJARNE PIOTROWSKI ADAM E PHAM MICHELE GOUSHCHA OLEG SONENDO INC
or	Gharib, Morteza Adams, Joshua Bergheim, Bjarne Piotrowski, Adam E. Pham, Michele Goushcha, Oleg



Independent Claims:

1 .- 165 . (canceled)

166. A motion detector for detecting motion of material near an apex of a tooth in situ during treatment of the tooth with a liquid jet device, the motion detector comprising: an acoustic detector configured to provide a signal in response to detection of acoustic energy from the tooth; and a processor configured to receive the signal and, based at least in part on the signal, to detect motion of material near the apex of the tooth, wherein the processor is further configured to generate a shut off signal for the liquid jet device if the motion is detected.

171. A method for detecting motion at an apex of a tooth during cleaning of the tooth using a liquid jet, the method comprising: detecting motion of material near the apex of the tooth; and automatically generating a shutoff signal for the liquid jet in response to the detected motion.

177. An apparatus for removing organic material from a tooth, the apparatus comprising: an energy generator configured to couple energy to the tooth, the energy causing cavitation within the tooth, the cavitation generating an acoustic signal; and an acoustic receiver configured to detect a cavitation-induced acoustic signal propagating from the tooth to the receiver during coupling of the energy to the tooth.

179. An apparatus for removing organic material from a tooth, the apparatus comprising: an acoustic energy generator configured to couple first acoustic energy to a dentinal surface of a tooth; and an acoustic receiver configured to detect second acoustic energy that propagates from the tooth during coupling of the first acoustic energy to the tooth.

184. An apparatus for removing organic material from a tooth, the apparatus comprising: a first acoustic energy generator configured to couple first acoustic energy to a first dentinal surface of a tooth; a second acoustic energy generator configured to detect at least a portion of the second acoustic energy that propagates from the tooth.

189. A method comprising: detaching organic material within a root canal of a tooth from surrounding dentin; and detecting a detachment event by detecting an acoustic signal propagating from the tooth.

194. A method comprising: cleaning a root canal of a tooth by applying sufficient energy to detach organic material within the root canal from surrounding dentin; monitoring an energy responsive characteristic associated with the cleaning during application of the energy so as to detect a detachment event defined by a change in the energy responsive characteristic; and automatically producing a control signal in response to the detection of the detachment event to terminate application of the detachment energy.

199. An apparatus for removing organic material from a root canal, the apparatus comprising: a liquid jet assembly configured to produce a high velocity beam of liquid capable of cleaning the root canal of organic material; a sensor configured to detect completion of the cleaning and, in response, to produce a signal; and a controller configured to automatically terminate the high velocity beam upon receipt of the signal from the sensor.

200. A method for acoustically coupling an acoustic element to a tooth, the method comprising: positioning an end of an acoustic element near a surface of a tooth; disposing a flowable material between the end of the acoustic element and the surface of the tooth; and hardening the flowable material.

206. A dental instrument comprising: a first nozzle configured to output a first liquid beam; and a second nozzle configured to output a second liquid beam that intersects the first liquid beam at a distance from the first nozzle.

210. A dental instrument comprising: a nozzle configured to output a liquid beam; and an aiming element having an end portion configured to contact a region of a tooth, wherein when the end portion contacts the region of the tooth, the nozzle is a predetermined distance from the region.

215. An aiming element for use with a handpiece having a nozzle capable of outputting a liquid jet, the aiming element comprising: an elongated member having a distal end capable of contacting a location on a tooth and a proximal end capable of attachment to the handpiece, wherein when attached to the handpiece the elongated member does not impede propagation of the liquid jet, and wherein when the distal end contacts the location on the tooth, the nozzle is a predetermined distance from the location.

216. A method for monitoring a tooth in a patient's mouth, the method comprising: directing a low-velocity liquid jet toward a location in a tooth; detecting whether liquid from the liquid jet is present at the location of the tooth; generating a signal in response to the detection; and actuating a high-velocity liquid jet in response to the generated signal.

219. A strain gage for monitoring a tooth, the strain gage comprising: a member configured to be at least partially inserted into an opening in the tooth; and a strain-sensing element coupled to the member, the strain-sensing element configured to generate a signal in response to deformation of the strain-sensing element caused by movement of the member.

225. A dental instrument comprising: a nozzle configured to output a liquid beam along a beam axis; and an aiming element having a distal end portion configured to contact a region of a tooth, the aiming element having a channel substantially aligned with the beam axis; wherein when the distal end portion contacts the region of the tooth, the nozzle is a predetermined distance from the region.

233. An aiming element for use with a handpiece having a nozzle capable of outputting a liquid jet along an axis, the aiming element comprising: an elongated member having a distal end capable of contacting a location on a tooth and a proximal end capable of attachment to the handpiece, the elongated member having a channel configured to permit propagation of the liquid jet along the axis; wherein when attached to the handpiece the channel is substantially aligned with the axis of the liquid jet, wherein when the distal end contacts the location on the tooth, the nozzle is a predetermined distance from the location on the tooth.

242. A method for treating a root canal of a tooth, the method comprising: directing a high-velocity liquid jet toward a first region of a root canal for a treatment time period; and applying, after the treatment time period, a disinfectant to the root canal for a disinfectant time period.

Product Name:

Priority Date	May 23, 2006
Application Date	Oct 08, 2010
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US Family Members	Expiration Date	
US20070275353A1	May 23, 2027	
US20110189627A1	Sep 26, 2014	
US20150044630A1		
US7833016B2	May 23, 2027	
Foreign Family Members	Expiration Date	
Foreign Family Members EP2019641A2	Expiration Date Jun 23, 2015	
EP2019641A2	Jun 23, 2015	

IPC	A61C000502
Assignee	DENTATEK CORP SONENDO INC
Inventor	Gharib, Morteza Hars, Erik

Independent Claims:

1. (canceled)

2. A root canal filler for a tooth, comprising: a multiplicity of relatively large particles sized to form a plug in a canal space proximate an apex of the tooth; and a multiplicity of relatively small particles sized to at least substantially fill the remainder of the canal space.

8. (canceled)

9. (canceled)

10. (canceled)

11 . (canceled)

12 . A system comprising: a filling material comprising a plurality of particles responsive to a non-contacting energy field, said filling material configured to at least partially fill a root canal space of a tooth; and a manipulator configured to produce the non-contacting energy field and to manipulate the filling material without physically contacting the filling material during filling of the root canal space of the tooth, the non-contacting energy field comprising electric energy or ultrasound energy, the manipulator configured to be positionable near the tooth and to provide sufficient non-contacting energy to at least partially liquefy at least some of the filling material in the root canal space. 13 . A method for filling a root canal space of a tooth, comprising: using a non-contacting energy field to at least partially liquefy a filling of the root canal space during filling of the root canal space, wherein the non-contacting energy field comprises electric energy or ultrasound energy.

